Placemaking & Place Research

This work process involves Design Research that focuses on gathering Qualitative Data, through User Research, User Interviews, and Observational Data gathering, and uses Analysis methods such as Coding Interview Transcripts and UCD tools to synthesise Insights.

Placemaking and Place Research

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In Depth Research Project

Placemaking and Public Space

I conducted an in-depth research project into the role of "Placemaking", the process of shaping Public Space and its ability to impact community identity and wellbeing.

The study compared the processes, ideology, methods, goals and overall impact of several of organisation types and vehicles of Placemaking in the geographical area of London SE1.

Methodology

- Human Centred Design
- User Centred Design
- Whole System Design
- Design Thinking

Tools

- Expert Interviews
- Coding & Analysis of Transcripts
- The Public Life Data Protocol Observational data









Conducting Expert Interviews

Preparing for Expert Interviews:

I identified several organisations based on their geographical location and the availability of observable Placemaking projects for analysis.

Expert interview candidates would need to be in a senior position, so as to comment on strategy, and goals, but also have a good understanding of process and methodology.y.

Based on initial research into the available organisations, and including a range of **four types of Placemaking organisation**, I defined a short list of interview candidates to approach, and recruited them from the below type of organisations:

- Business Improvement Districts
- Social Enterprise organisations
- Identity & way-finding organisations
- Community Action Projects

Final Organisations Chosen 4 Business Improvement District Organisations We are Waterloo **London Bridge City** Better Bankside Southbank BID 1 Identity and Wayfinding Organisation Applied Wayfinding - Legible London 2 Social Enterprise Organisation Mercato Metropolitano Market Better Bankside - Flat Iron Square

1 Community Action Organization

Lamlash Community Gardens

Conducting Expert Interviews

Convergent and Inductive Interview Strategy:

I decided to use a convergent and inductive Interview Strategy, as it would allow for open and unstructured interviews to be conducted without leading candidates, or creating researcher bias based on proving a pre-existing hypothesis.

This research strategy would allow me to find any common themes that emerged between organisations, and make an unbiased true comparison between similarities, consistencies, and divergences in approaches.

To provide some framework to the expert interviews, and give context, I defined **nine potential topics of discussion,** which was raised at the outset of the interview, for the candidate to discuss in any priority, or in any depth they saw fit.

Desired Outcome:

 Compare and contrast the methods processes and objectives on a range of Placemaking projects and range of placemaking organisations.

Methods and Tools used:

Primary Research Expert Interviews.

Discussion and Processing Steps

As previously mentioned, an inductive process, with no preconceived hypothesis was used to interview the experts from the chosen Placemaking organisations. The aim was to look for potential problem areas that required solutions and find consensus on the methods practitioners considered best practice. To eliminate both expert practitioner and researcher bias, caution was exercised when giving experts guiding themes to remain in scope and on topic when being interviewed. In addition, the interview was deliberately not steered to get specific answers, rather, the expert was encouraged to speak freely on all topics relevant to the research (Driscoll, 2011). The guiding themes of the interviews were as follows:

- Goals
- Outcomes
- Partnerships
- Challenges

- Methods
- Measurements
- Users
- Testing

Mature Business
 Improvement
 Districts

Conducting Expert Interviews

Sample Data Collection, Placemaking Organisations Expert interview candidates.

I chose candidates in senior positions, so they could comment on strategy and goals, as well as on process and methodology.

nterview Date	Interview Candidate	Sample Profile: Position in Organisation	Sample Profile: Time in Position	Candidate Recruitment Method	Consent to record and share data?	Candidate Interview Method	Interview highlights: Themes raised at Interview outset:
Tuesday 10th July	Ben Stephenson	Chief Executive	3 Years	Email request for a research interview	Yes, consented	Telephone interview	Goals. Outcomes. Partnerships. Challenges. Methods. Measurement. Users. Testing. Mature BIDs.
Friday 13th July	Craig Hurring	Director of Marketing and Communications	4 Months	Email request for a research interview	Yes, consented	In person interview	Goals. Outcomes. Partnerships. Challenges. Methods. Measurement. Users. Testing. Mature BIDs.
Friday 13th July	Jack Skillen	Director of Placeshaping	2 Years	Email request for a research interview	Yes, consented	In person interview	Goals. Outcomes. Partnerships. Challenges. Methods. Measurement. Users. Testing. Mature BIDs.
Monday 23rd July	Valerie Beirne	Urban Forest Project Manager	10 years	Email request for a research interview	Yes, consented	In person interview	Goals. Outcomes. Partnerships. Challenges. Methods. Measurement. Users. Testing. Mature BIDs.
Wednesday 25th July	Tim Fendley	Founder, Director	13 years	Email request for a research interview	Yes, consented	Telephone Interview	Goals. Outcomes. Partnerships. Challenges. Methods. Measurement. Users. Testing.
Wednesday 25th July	Vicki Exall	Head of Partnerships	2 years	Email request for a research interview	Yes, consented	Telephone interview	Goals. Outcomes. Partnerships. Challenges. Methods. Measurement. Users. Testing.
Wednesday 26th July	Karen Chung	Founder, spokesperson	3 years	Email request for a research interview	Yes, consented	Email interview	Goals. Outcomes. Partnerships. Challenges. Methods. Measurement. Users. Testing.

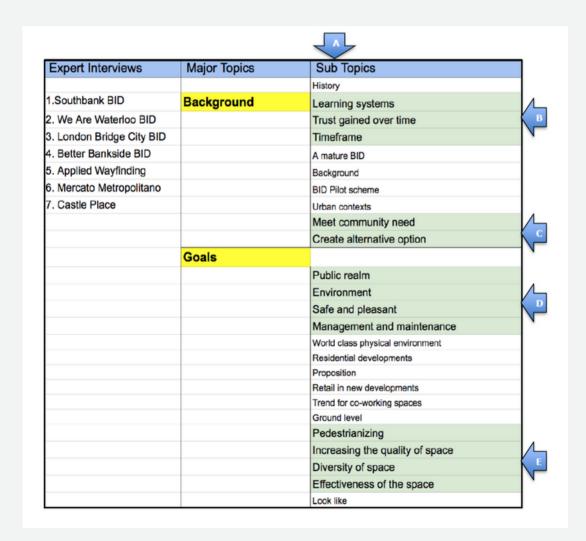
Interviews Transcripts Analysis & Coding

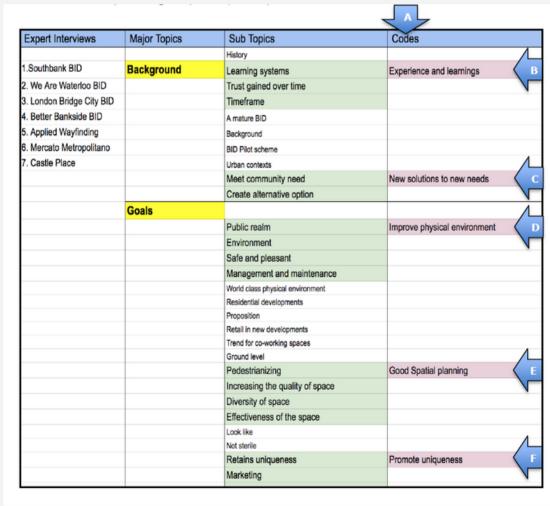
Interview Transcripts Analysis & Coding

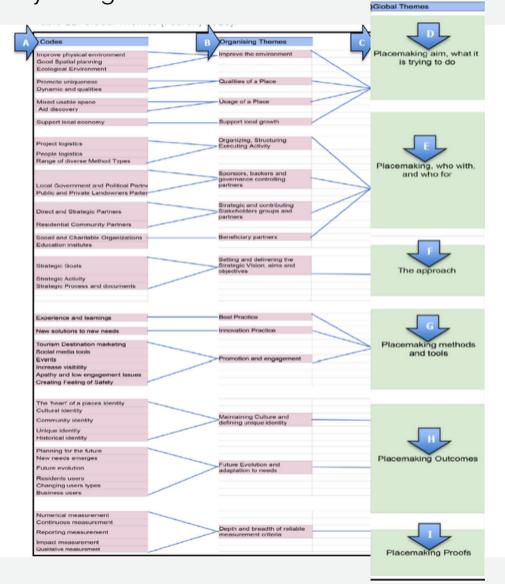
Interviews Transcripts Coding & Analysis:

I extracted the **Subtopics** in the raw data acquired from the seven interview transcripts by grouping related similar or duplicate topics and iterating the process until all subtopic groups were stable. Next, I identified a name for each group of subtopics.

TThese named groups now formed the **Major Themes** extracted from the interview data. To further refine the data, and gain both overarching (Major) themes as well as deeper more focused insights, I then applied a descriptive name or phrase to the **Key Insights** extracted from the various subtopics. Some Major Themes contain several Key Insights within them.







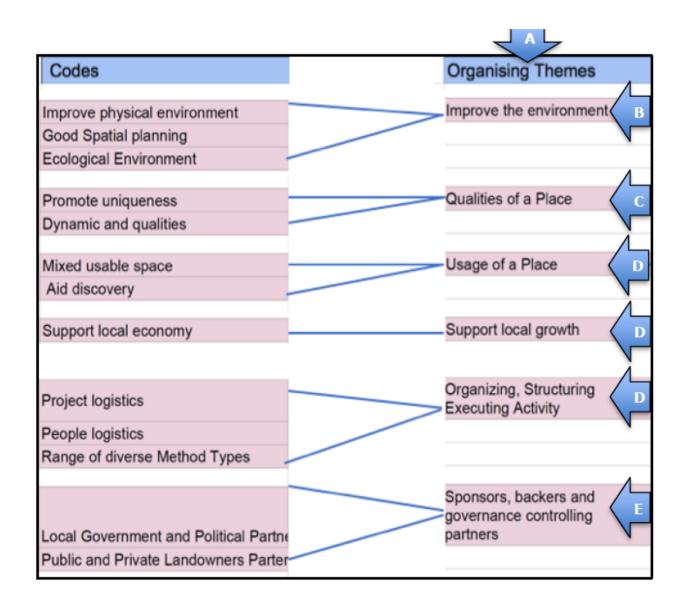
Research Product

Organising and Global Themes, Synthesised Codes

All expert interview transcripts raw data has now been converted into valuable insights to guide the research further.

I have extracted the **Subtopics**, grouped these under **Major Themes** of the Research, further broken those themes down into Key insights otherwise know as **Research Codes** which can further direct research and be a used for further analysis. Research Codes can them be grouped under their high-level Thematics, defining a set of **Organising Themes** (the why or meaning criteria of findings).

Finally, to obtain the highest level view of the data, I grouped and named the Organising Themes into their high level **Global Themes**.



Observational Data Analysis

Placemaking and Public Space

Observational Data Gathering:

As part of the research project I conducted into the role of "Placemaking" in shaping Public Space, and its impact on community identity and wellbeing, I compared installations by the following organisation types:

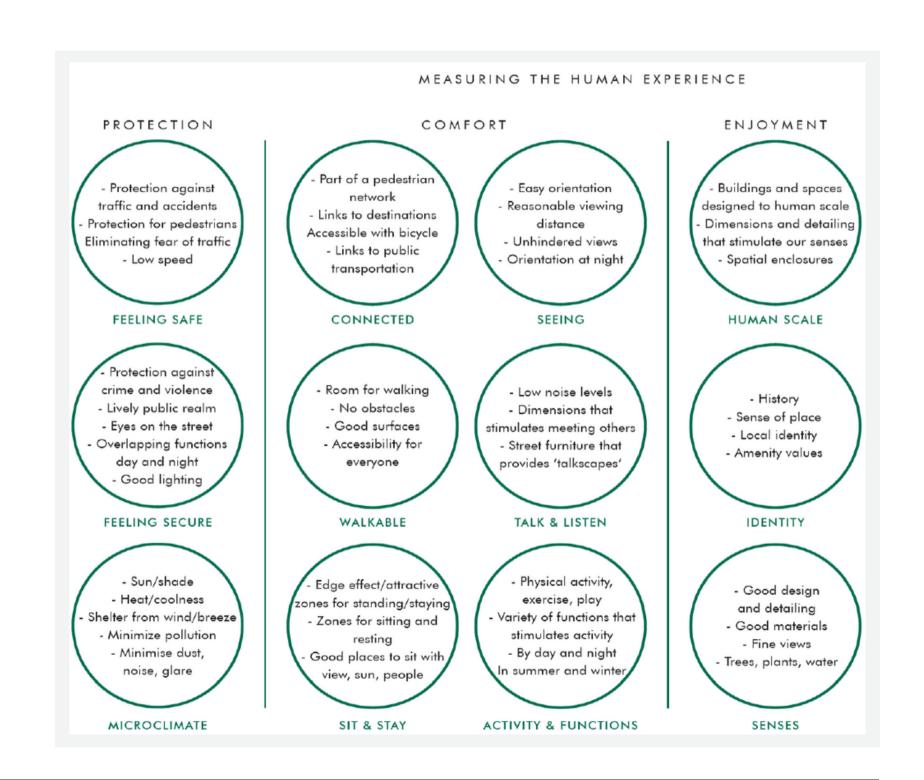
- Business Improvement Districts
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Methodology

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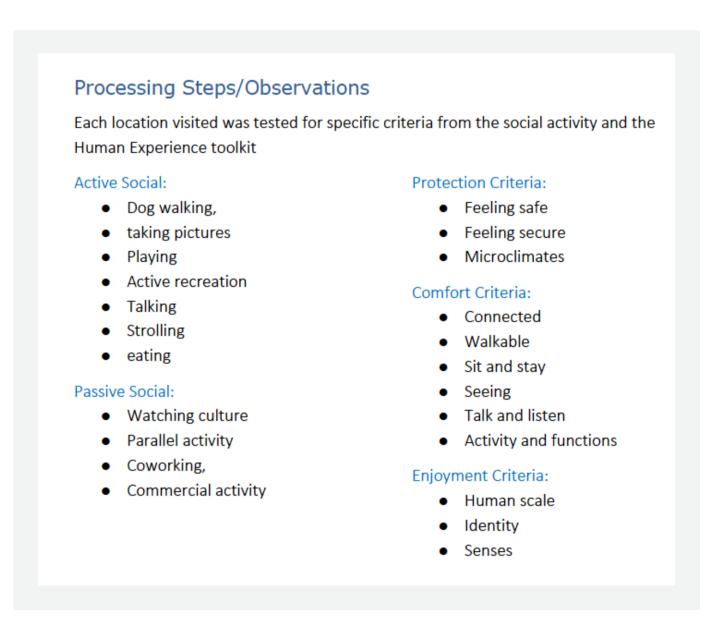
Tools

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Placemaking and Public Space

In the observational data gathering on Placemaking installations, I used the **Gehl Institute - Public Life Diversity** and the **Public Life Data Protocolas Toolkits** as frameworks to define the criteria of observations. Using five categories of "Human Centred" criteria such as Active Social, Passive Social, Protection criteria, Comfort and Enjoyment to assess and grade the Placemaking Instillations.





Measuring Human Experience in "Wayfinding" Placemaking Installations:

I used a Human Centred Criteria based on the "Public Life Diversity" and the "Public Life Data Protocols" Toolkits to conduct the observational Analysis and a double entry notebook format to record my observations and initial thoughts.



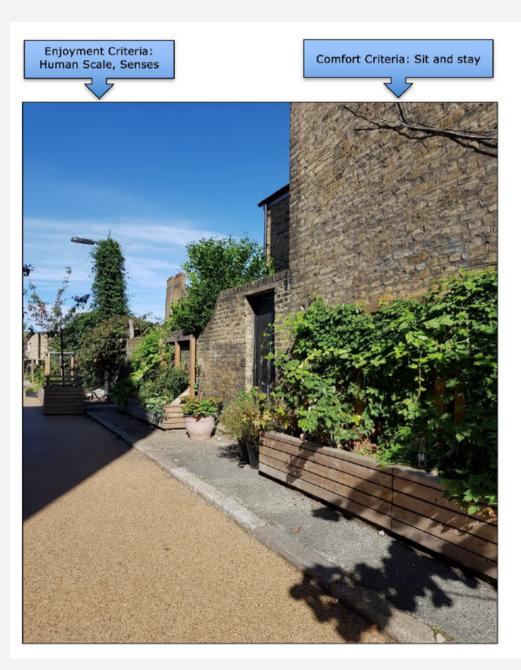


For this observational analysis site visit, I When measured through the toolkits, I found went to Lower Marsh Street and market, that Lower Marsh Street and market seem to meet many of the criteria for Active social, which are managed by 'We Are Waterloo' Business Improvement District. Lower Marsh Comfort criteria, and Enjoyment criteria. Street is a historic location in the Waterloo area. Wide streets create a pedestrian-friendly road, cafes, bars and other retail provide I observed a wide road, with a number of Social activity and Entertainment, in particular, the activity of the market food cafes bars and other retail provisions, such as clothing stores, music shops, and Community stalls which at lunchtime drew crowds of There was little through traffic from cars and The addition of open paved areas with the addition of seating and benches in a seating creates a place for people to stop, sit and not just pass through delivering Comfort paved open area.

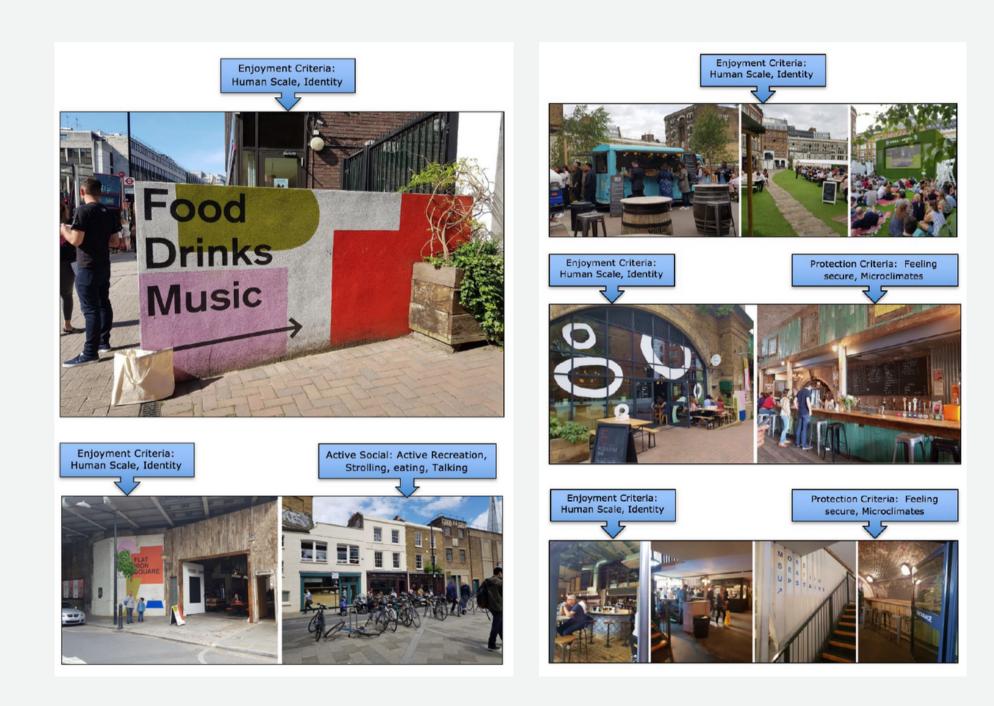
Lower Marsh Market had a number of food stalls operating along the length of the street. These stalls used branded market tents which had the Business Improvement Districts logo and Human Scale Enjoyment criteria.

Measuring Human Experience in "Community Action Projects" Placemaking Installations:

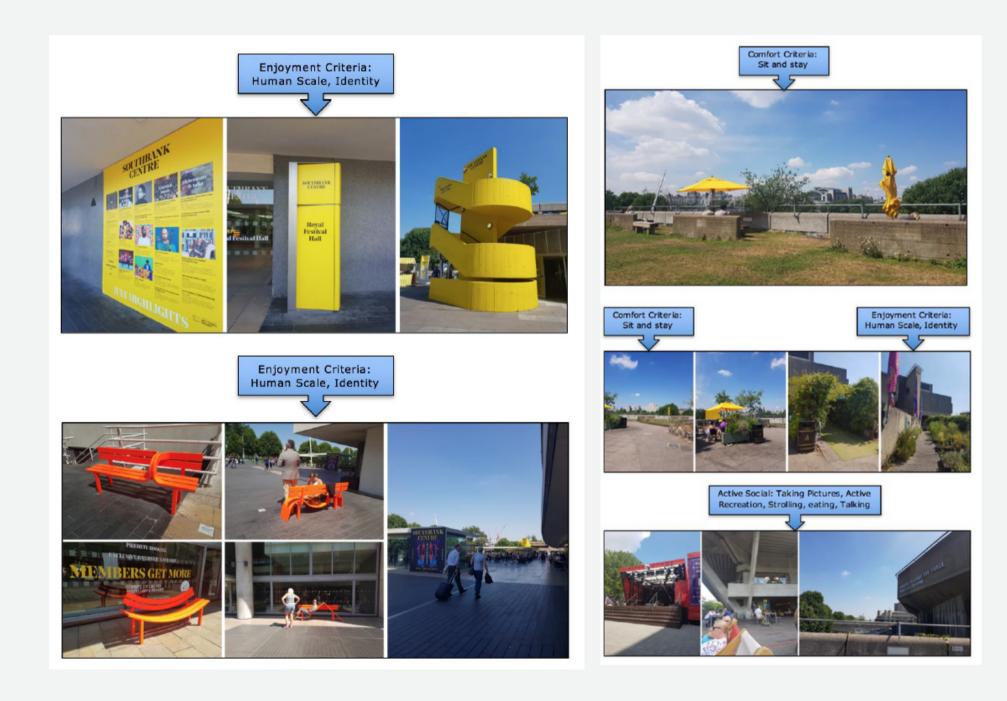




Measuring Human Experience in "Social Enterprise" Placemaking Installations:



Measuring Human Experience in "Southbank Business Improvement Districts" Placemaking Installations:



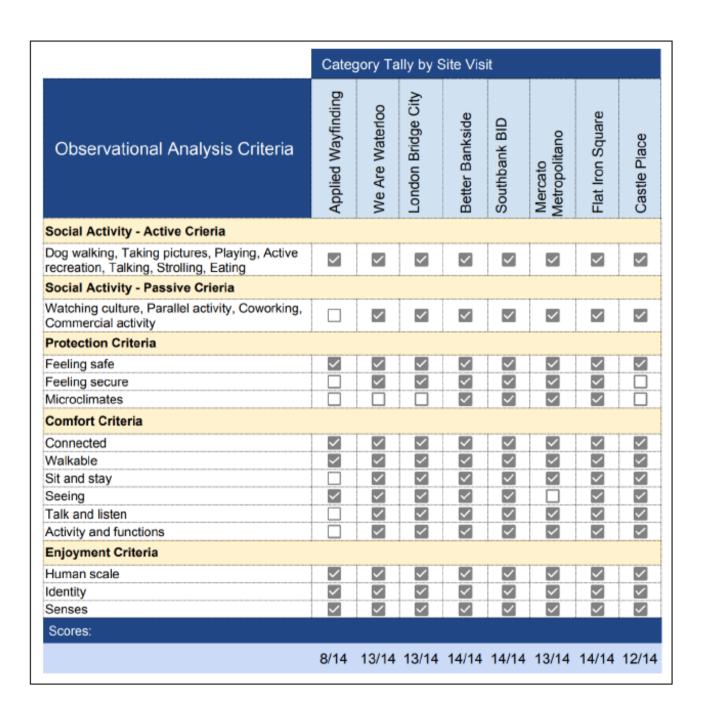
Research Product

Observational Insights to Measure Human Experience

I analysed all the data gathered from the observational studies conducted at the eight Placemaking sites. Data was captured relating to the five Human Experience criteria that I derived from the Gehl Institute - Public Life Diversity and the Public Life Data Protocols Toolkits.

I collated this data gathered into a table, according the 14 detailed Human Experience criteria, this provided each Placemaking location with a score out of 14.

Once collated the output was a comparative table of all sites from the observational study, rank with a score out of 14 for Human Experience.



Strategic Frameworks

Criteria & Checklist

Research criteria and quality checklist for a prototype framework

Based on the research carried out, I defined a set of criteria and a Quality Checklist benchmark for the prototype framework.

Collation of Placemakin	g Best Practice						
	(What) (Where) Placemaking Aim, Objective	(Who) Partners, Backers, User collaboration, Governance	(How 1) Strategy, Goals, Approach,	Placemaking types, Design Thinking	11 //	Proof, Evidence, (How)	(Future) Sustainability, Evolution, Growth, Open source
Sequences	Placemaking objective	Partners	Strategy	Best practice	Outcomes	Proof	Sustainability
Stages	Physical environment	Sponsors	Vision	Tools	Impact	Evidence	Evolution
Participation ladder	Spatial planning	Backers	Goals	Methods	Experiences	Numerical Measurement	Growth
Strategic Objective	Economic improvement	User Collaboration	Approach	Learnings knowledge share	Mixed uses	Contiguous change Measurement	
Strategic Requirements	Ecological improvement	Governance		Innovation	Local Identity	Reporting Measurement	
Governance system	Social enterprises	Local Government Partners		Evolving needs	Community Identity	Qualitative Measurement	
	Quality of a space	Landowners Partenrs		Promotion and events	Historical Identity		
	Mixed Usages of a place	Strategic Partners		Visibility	Future plans and use		
	Active social uses	Beneficiary Partners		User Safety	Business needs met		
	Passive social uses	logistics Partners		User confidence	User needs met		
		Implementation Partners		Social media			
		Residential Community Partners	***************************************	Placemaking Types			,
	Workbench Matrix Tool	Participation Ladder Tool		Design Thinking Tools			Open Source guide
Workbench Process Method	Public Life Framework Tool	Stakeholder Involvement Tool		Human Centred Design Toolkit	Social enterprise tools	Usability Testing	Quality Profile Checklist Too

Placemaking Quality Profile Checklist	Plus	Minus
Quality criteria		
Economic	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Economic improvement		
Physical environment		
Landowner Partnerships		
Strategic Partnerships		
Beneficiary partnerships		
User safety		
User confidence		
Business needs met		
Placemaking Types		
Innovation		
Visibility		
Promotion		
Social	<u> </u>	
Physical environment		
Experiences		
Mixed uses		
Active social uses		
Passive social uses		
Social enterprises		
Local identity		
Community identity		
Residential community Partnerships		
User's needs are met		
Continuous Change Measurement		
Qualitative Measurement		
Ecologic		
Ecological improvement		
Physical environment		
Spatial planning		
Culture	,	
Local identity		
Community identity		
Historical identity		
Quality of space		
Experiences		
Social media		
Events		

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Prototype Framework

Definition of prototype framework and criteria for Placemaking concept ideation

I used the criteria and checklist I established, to define a prototype recommended framework for future Placemaking projects, based on a recommended collaborative community and industry consultation approach.

Step-by-Step Guide	Project Stages	Project Partners	Inputs	Processes	Toolkits	Testing Criteria	Output Score
Gather the project partners and complete the inputs and processes using the tools. Conduct the testing then measure and review results.	Stage 1: Strategic Objective	Project TeamPM GovernanceUser RepresentativeStrategic Partners	Strategic Requirements	Clarifying Strategic Goal and Strategic Partners	 Strategic Process Tool Participation Ladder (Breman, (2008) Stakeholder Involvement (Cilliers, 2010) 	Strategic Alignment	Project: PM Gov: User: Review:
Gather the project partners and complete the inputs and processes using the tools. Conduct the testing then measure and review results.	Stage 2: Project Definition	 Project Team User Representative Experience Experts Strategic Partners 	Users NeedsProject GoalsPM Sponsor GoalsPM Best Practice	Define Project Goal	 Definiton process tool Workbench Matrix (Habiforum, (2008) Best Practice Checklist Quality profile checklist (Habiforum, (2008) 	Type of Experience selection	Project: PM Gov: User: Review:
Gather the project partners and complete the inputs and processes using the tools. Conduct the testing then measure and review results.	Stage 3: Project Conception	 Project Team User Representative Experience Experts Strategic Partners 	 Case studies Learnings User Goals Experience Design expertise 	Knowledge ShareProject CoordinationExpertise Identified	 Public Life Framework Tool (Gehl Agency 2013) Design Thinking Toolkit (Design Council, 2005) HCD Toolkit (IDEO, 2015) 	Project Concept for fit	Project: PM Gov: User: Review:
Gather the project partners and complete the inputs and processes using the tools. Conduct the testing then measure and review results.	Stage 4: Project Delivery	Project TeamUser RepresentativeOperational PartnersPM Governance	KPI's Functional criteria Economic criteria	Porotype Implement	 PM Experience Type Toolkit Pilots Social Enterprise Toolkit (Dees, 1998) 	Test KPI's Test Quality of Experience	Project: PM Gov: User: Review:
Gather the project partners and complete the inputs and processes using the tools. Conduct the testing then measure and review results.	Stage 5: Post Implementation	Project TeamUser RepresentativePM Governance Strategic Partners	Final Project Implementation	 Measure projects current success Measure projects Future success 	 Open Source Guide (Barrie, 2010) Quality profile checklist (Habiforum 2005) Usability testing 	Test UsabilityImplementationSustainability	Project: PM Gov: User: Review:

19. Design Strategy

Thank You.

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